

## Coat Color and Trait Certificate

<b>Call Name:</b>	Amos	<b>Laboratory #:</b>	210450
<b>Registered Name:</b>	Regency Red Amos	<b>Registration #:</b>	-
<b>Breed:</b>	Australian Labradoodle	<b>Certificate Date:</b>	Jan. 21, 2021
<b>Sex:</b>	Male		
<b>DOB:</b>	April 2020		

**This canine's DNA showed the following genotype(s):**

Coat Color/Trait Test	Gene	Genotype	Interpretation
A Locus (Agouti)	<i>ASIP</i>	$a^t/a^t$	Tricolor, black and tan
B Locus (Brown)	<i>TYRP1</i>	B/b	Black coat, nose and foot pads (carries one copy of brown)
D Locus (Dilute)	<i>MLPH</i>	D/D	Non-dilute (does not carry dilute)
E Locus (Yellow/Red)	<i>MC1R</i>	e/e	Yellow/red
IC Locus (Improper Coat/Furnishings)	<i>RSPO2</i>	F/F	Furnishings
K Locus (Dominant Black)	<i>CBD103</i>	$K^B/K^B$	No agouti expression allowed
S Locus (White Spotting, Parti, or Piebald)	<i>MITF</i>	$S/s^p$	Limited white spotting, flash, parti, or piebald (carrier)

### Interpretation:

This dog carries two copies of  $a^t$  which results in tan points and can also present as a black and tan or tricolor coat color. However, this dog's coat color is also dependent on the E, K, and B genes. The tan point coat color is only expressed if the dog is also E/E or E/e at the E locus and  $k^y/k^y$  at the K locus. This dog will pass on  $a^t$  to 100% of its offspring.

This dog carries one copy of one of the b mutations and has a B locus genotype of **B/b**. Thus, this dog typically will have a black coat, nose, and foot pads. However, this dog's coat color is dependent on the genotypes of many other genes. This dog will pass one copy of **B** to 50% of its offspring and one copy of **b** to 50% of its offspring. This dog can produce b/b offspring if bred to a dog that is also a carrier of a b mutation (B/b or b/b). Depending on the breed, b/b dogs may be referred to as brown, chocolate, liver or red.

This dog does not carry any copies of the  $d^1$  or  $d^2$  mutations and has a D locus genotype of **D/D** which does not result in the "dilution" or lightening of the pigments that produce the dog's coat color. This dog will pass one copy of **D** to 100% of its offspring and cannot produce d/d dogs.

This dog carries two copies of **e** which inhibits production of black pigment. The coat color of this dog will be yellow/red (including shades of white, cream, yellow, apricot or red). This dog will pass **e** on to 100% of its offspring.

This dog does not carry the mutation for weak furnishings or improper coat and will therefore have furnishings (proper coat). However, the overall coat type of this dog is dependent on the combination of this dog's genotypes at the L, Cu, and IC loci. This dog will pass **F** (furnishings, proper coat) to 100% of its offspring.